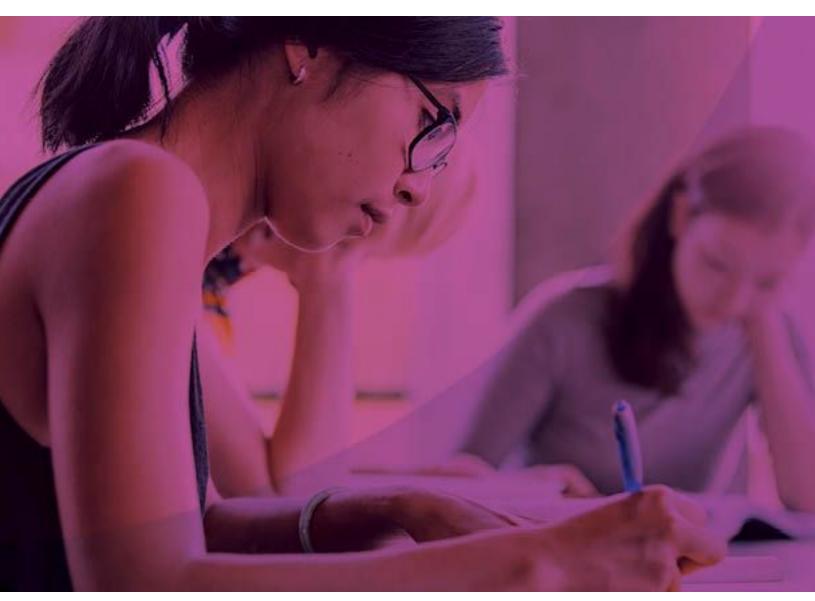
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Principles of Microeconomics

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|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| OpenStax | Steve Greenlaw - University of Mary Washington | Principles of Microeconomics | <u>OpenStax</u> |
| Marginal Revolution University | Tyler Cowen and Alex Tabarrok | | MRUniversity Videos |

Alta Microeconomics was developed to meet the scope and sequence of most introductory microeconomics courses. To develop the course, Knewton used three main sources of content: OpenStax, Marginal Revolution University, and a team of Subject Matter Experts (SMEs). The SMEs come from diverse backgrounds and are all accomplished academics in the field of economics.

Alta Microeconomics has two pieces of instruction (video and text) for every application-based learning objective, giving students multiple, diverse opportunities to learn new skills, and text instruction for definition-based concepts. Among our OpenStax text, Marginal Revolution University videos, and Knewton SMEs, we were able to solicit ideas from economics instructors and students. Alta Microeconomics covers the typical breadth of economics topics, and also provides the necessary depth to ensure the course is manageable and engaging for instructors and students alike.



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Chapter 1: Welcome to Economics!

1.1 What is Economics and Why is it Important?

- Evaluate the significance of scarcity
- Explain the relationship between production and division of labor
- Contrast microeconomics and macroeconomics

1.2 Economic Theories, Models, and Systems

- Explain the importance of economic theories and models
- Interpret a circular flow diagram
- Contrast traditional economies, command economies, and market economies
- Assess the importance and effects of globalization

Chapter 2: Choice in a World of Scarcity

2.1 How Individuals Make Choices Based on Their Budget Constraint

- Interpret budget constraints
- Calculate a budget constraint using an equation
- Graph budget constraints
- Explain opportunity cost
- Calculate opportunity cost
- Understand how to use marginal analysis
- Define sunk costs
- Explain the law of diminishing marginal utility

2.2 The Production Possibilities Frontier and Social Choices

- Define production possibilities frontier
- Calculate opportunity cost based on a production possibilities frontier
- Understand the law of diminishing returns and how it relates to the shape of the PPF
- Define productive efficiency and allocative efficiency
- Define comparative advantage

2.3 Confronting Objections to the Economic Approach

- Recall arguments against economic approaches to decision-making
- Classify normative statements and positive statements

Chapter 3: Introduction to Demand and Supply

3.1 Demand, Supply, and Equilibrium in Markets for Goods and Services

- Explain demand, quantity demanded, and the law of demand
- Interpret demand schedules and demand curves
- Explain supply, quantity supplied, and the law of supply
- Interpret supply schedules and supply curves
- Define equilibrium
- Identify equilibrium using demand/supply curves
- Identify equilibrium using demand/supply schedules
- Explain how a market moves from shortage or surplus to an equilibrium



3.2 Shifts in Demand and Supply for Goods and Services

- Define the ceteris paribus assumption
- Contrast normal and inferior goods
- Identify the effects of income on shifts in demand
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- Identify factors that shift demand curves
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- Use the four-step process to explain how shifts in demand affect equilibrium
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- Contrast shifts of demand or supply and movements along a demand or supply curve

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- Explain price ceilings
- Explain price floors
- Analyze the effects of price floors on market equilibrium
- Analyze the effects of price ceilings on market equilibrium

3.5 Demand, Supply, and Efficiency

- Define Consumer Surplus
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- Explain why taxes on buyers and sellers can be inefficient

Chapter 4: Labor and Financial Markets

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4.2 Demand and Supply in Financial Markets

- Identify the demanders and suppliers in a financial market
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- 4.3 The Market System as an Efficient Mechanism for Information
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 - Apply demand and supply models to analyze prices and quantities

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- Explain the relationship between changes in price and total revenue based on the elasticity of demand
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- Calculate cross-price elasticity of demand
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 - Define and understand basic concepts in behavioral economics



Chapter 7: Production, Costs, and Industry Structure

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- Understand the concept of the firm and production
- Understand revenue, cost, and profits
- Use revenue and cost information to calculate accounting and economic profit

7.2 Production in the Short Run

- Understand the factors of production and be able to group factors into one of five categories
- Understand and differentiate between fixed and variable inputs in production
- Calculate marginal product and understand the law of diminishing marginal product

7.3 Costs in the Short Run

- Identify the factor payments associated with the five factors of production
- Calculate cost from a production function
- Use a cost function to calculate marginal and average costs
- Understand fixed, variable, and total costs of production
- Use fixed and variable costs to calculate average variable, average fixed, and average total costs
- Identify average total cost, average variable cost, and marginal cost on a graph
- Define average profit and profit margin

7.4 Costs in the Long Run

- Understand the relationship between labor and machinery prices and firm production decisions
- Recognize when an average cost curve exhibits economics of scale
- Understand the long run average cost curve and identify the economies of scale and constant returns to scale zones
- Understand diseconomies of scale and identify this on the long run average cost curve
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Chapter 8: Perfect Competition

8.1 How Perfectly Competitive Firms Make Output Decisions

- Understand market structure and the characteristics of a perfectly competitive industry
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Chapter 9: Monopoly

9.1 How Monopolies Form: Barriers to Entry

- Understand monopoly and barriers to entry
- Understand how natural monopolies arise and identify them graphically
- Understand control of a physical resource, legal restrictions, intellectual property, and predatory pricing as sources of barriers to entry

9.2 How a Profit-Maximizing Monopoly Chooses Output and Price

- Differentiate between demand facing a perfectly competitive firm and a monopolist
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- Use marginal revenue and marginal cost to find the profit maximizing quantity and calculate profits
- Identify monopoly profits on a graph and determine the monopolist's price
- Understand allocative efficiency in a monopoly

Chapter 10: Monopolistic Competition and Oligopoly

10.1 Introduction to Monopolistic Competition and Oligopoly

- Remember the characteristics of monopolistic competition and oligopoly
- Identify examples of product differentiation
- Understand demand as perceived by a monopolistically competitive firm
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- Use a graph or table to determine the monopolistic competitor's profit
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- Understand the benefits of product differentiation and how advertising affects monopolistic competition

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- Understand game theory and the prisoner's dilemma
- Understand how the prisoner's dilemma relates to oligopoly and calculate the game's outcome
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Chapter 11: Monopoly and Antitrust Policy

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- Define and calculate the Herfindahl-Hirschman Index
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- Understand new approaches to antitrust policy



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- Understand property rights as a solution to negative externality

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- Understand the positive externalities of education
- Understand how subsidies can be a solution to positive externalities and illustrate this graphically
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- Understand alternative government policies for promoting research and development

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- Identify goods that are non-rival and non-excludable as public goods
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- Explain how public health programs create positive externalities

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- Calculate the value of marginal product of labor and plot it on a graph
- Understand how firms in competitive labor markets choose how many workers to hire



- Calculate and graph marginal revenue product in imperfectly competitive output markets
- Understand how imperfectly competitive firms choose how much labor to employ
- Understand equilibrium wage and employment in a labor market

14.2 Wages and Employment in an Imperfectly Competitive Labor Market

- Understand why workers receive protection from labor laws and identify examples of such protections
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- Calculate and graph marginal cost of labor for a monopsony firm
- Use a graph to identify a monopsony firm's level of employment and wage
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14.3 Market Power on the Supply Side of Markets and Bilateral Monopoly

- Define unions and remember basic facts about union membership in the US
- Understand how unions can affect wages
- Explain the tradeoff between wages and employment and understand the potential impacts of unions on worker productivity
- Understand possible explanations for the decline in union membership in the US
- Understand how bilateral monopoly affects employment and wages in labor markets

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- Define discrimination and understand trends in wage ratios over the past 50 years
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- Understand how competitive markets, the government, and growing diversity can help reduce discrimination
- Understand the costs and benefits, historical trends, and policy regarding immigration

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15.1 The Poverty Line and The Poverty Trap

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- Explain Random Walk Theory
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- Define majority rule and understand why political outcomes may not reflect it
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- Understand the costs and benefits of the role of government in an economy

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- Explain comparative advantage and determine which country has an absolute advantage in producing a good
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- Explain the relationship between comparative advantage and specialize and calculate world production before and after specialization
- Illustrate how trade can move a country beyond its production possibilities frontier

19.2 Absolute Advantage, Intra-Industry Trade Between Similar Economies, and Reducing the Barriers to International Trade

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- Illustrate gains from trade when one country has an absolute advantage in both goods
- Explain why comparative advantage increases production for all countries
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- Explain the World Trade Organization and understand the benefits to reducing trade barriers

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- Identify gains from trade on a supply and demand diagram
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- Explain the environmental protection argument, the unsafe consumer products argument, and the national interest argument

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- Explain The main objective of the WTO/GATT and understand regional trade agreements
- Explain the relationship between free trade and domestic interests and how trade policy has evolved over time
- Explain why free trade should be a first priority for policymakers

Appendices

A.1 Indifference Curves

- Draw an indifference curve
- Interpret an indifference curve and explain its slope
- Explain why higher indifference curves are preferred to lower ones and how indifference curves differ across individuals
- Understand how an individual uses indifference curves and a budget line to maximize utility
- Explain how changes in income affect the utility maximizing choice
- Identify the income and substitution effects graphically
- Draw a labor-leisure indifference curve and budget line
- Explain the effect of a change in the wage on a worker's labor-leisure choice
- Draw an intertemporal choice indifference curve and budget line
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- Sketch income and substitution effects

A.2 Present Discounted Value

- Calculate present discounted value of a stock
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A.3 The Expenditure-Output Model

- Identify aggregate expenditure, the 45-degree line, and potential output on a graph
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